

Before starting to use this firearm you have just bought, this instruction manual should be read and understood completely. This instruction manual assumes you have basic user knowledge of firearms and never replaces user training.

> ADAM SERIES PISTOL .45ACP & 9mm Colibers OWNER'S MANUAL

> > www.balistikdefence.com

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WARRANTY AND SERVICE

For the life of this product from the date of purchase, **GForce Arms (US Importer for Balistic Defence)** warrants this product to be free from defects in material and workmanship to the first owner whose name is written on the Warranty Certificate (LIMITED Lifetime Warranty). **GForce Arms** may choose to repair or replace any defects under warranty with the same model or similar model.

GForce Arms is NOT responsible for the use of wrong caliber ammunition or the use of ammunition other than commercially manufactured ammunition or any combination of these firearms related to damages arising from careless or improper use, maintenance or repair by unauthorized persons, or improper part replacement, etc. will not accept claims.

If you need factory service, please contact **GForce Arms** customer service for instructions on how to repair your shotgun, whether under warranty or not.

We reserve the right to refuse service to modified, added or modified weapons. Modifications to the barrel or modifications of the firing mechanism and / or its working parts may result in the denial of service. In these cases, charges may be made for parts and labor to restore the weapon to its original specifications.

Register for warranty at **www.gforcearms.com/warranty**. For service, call GForce arms at **(833) 343-6723** or complete a service request at **www.gforcearms.com/service**.



FIREARMS SAFETY RULES

When a firearm discharges, the bullet or shot can strike a person, resulting in death or serious bodily injury.

The three basic keys to safe handling of firearms:

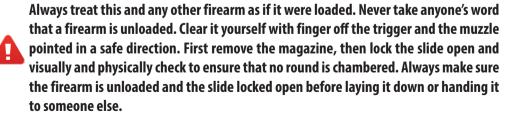
1. **KEEP YOUR FINGER OFF THE TRIGGER UNTIL YOU ARE READY TO FIRE.** If you maintain good trigger discipline, it is extremely unlikely the firearm will fire.

2. **KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.** Even if the firearm discharges, if the muzzle is pointed in a safe direction, no one will be injured.

3. **NEVER TRUST ANY SAFETY MECHANISM.** If you adopt the attitude that you will not trust any safety mechanism, you will be vigilant about keeping your finger off the trigger and keeping the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.



Never fire at targets at close range. Ricochets can and do cause death or serious bodily injury. What constitutes "close range" depends on many factors including target material, bullet caliber and angle of impact.



Prior to use, learn the mechanical and handling characteristics, and operation of the firearm you are using. Not all firearms are the same.



Always keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Never point this or any other firearm at anything you do not intend to shoot.



Never place your finger inside the trigger guard or on the trigger unless you intend to fire.

KNOW WHAT IS BEHIND YOUR TARGET. Unless you are shooting into a bullet trap designed to capture the type of ammunition you are firing, projectiles may pass through the target and strike anyone or anything beyond. Bullets can travel miles.

ALWAYS WEAR HEARING PROTECTION. Firearms are loud. The sound they generate is greater indoors. Repeated exposure to loud noises can cause deafness. Hearing protection is rated by decibel reduction. Look for "dB" reduction of 30 or more when purchasing ear protection. Modern ear protection can allow normal hearing until the sound from the discharge reaches the ear. Layering hearing protection, for example, wearing 30db rated foam plugs with 20db rated ear muffs, significant protection can be achieved.

ALWAYS WEAR EYE PROTECTION. In normal operation, firearms emit hot high-velocity gases, particles and metal. These materials flying into your eye can cause blindness. Protect your vision with proper eye protection. Any eye protection may be better than none.

NEVER HANDLE FIREARMS WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS OR ALCOHOL. Firearms are dangerous. Handling firearms while impaired by drugs or alcohol is foolhardy and may result in serious injury



or death. This warning includes prescription drugs that contain a warning about using machinery or driving while taking the medication.

MODIFIED FIREARMS ARE DANGEROUS, AND USE CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. "Trigger jobs," polishing original components or installing aftermarket parts can cause a firearm to function in ways different than intended. Some such work may also be illegal.

DAMAGED FIREARMS ARE DANGEROUS, AND USE CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. Repairs should always be made by a qualified gunsmith or by a factory-authorized repair site. Work done by those unfamiliar with the design can cause a firearm to function in ways different than intended.

NEVER ATTEMPT TO DISASSEMBLE OR CLEAN A LOADED FIREARM. DOING SO CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR DEATH.

IF A FIREARM GOES OFF, THERE WAS A ROUND OF AMMUNITION IN THE CHAMBER. Period. "Clear" (or empty) the firearm of all ammunition before disassembling or cleaning.

Always make sure that this firearm is in top working condition and that no internal or external parts have been damaged as a result of corrosion, improper maintenance or dropping.

Firearms should be unloaded when not actually in use. For increased safety, firearms should be stored unloaded in a location that is secure (for example, apply the supplied cable lock to the firearm and lock the firearm in a gun safe) and inaccessible to children and any other unauthorized person, with ammunition locked securely in a different location.



Never leave a loaded firearm unattended. Someone, especially a child, may fire it and cause death, serious injury or damage to property.

Any firearm that is not under your direct immediate control should be unloaded and rendered inoperable (for example, by use of a cable lock) and inaccessible to unauthorized users.

Always ensure that barrel and action are clear of obstructions before shooting. Shooting a blocked firearm can result in death or serious injury and damage to the firearm and/or property.

Use correct ammunition.

Do not alter or modify your firearm and have firearms serviced regularly.

Never drink alcoholic beverages or take drugs prior to or during shooting or handling of this or any other firearm, as this could affect or impair your vision, coordination and judgment, and may have other legal consequences. Seek a doctor's advice if you are taking any medication prior to engaging in any shooting activity.

Keep the manual safety fully engaged in the "safe" position when firearm is loaded until you are ready to fire. Immediately unload and clear this firearm when shooting sequence has been completed.

Never shoot at any hard or flat surface, such as rock, metal or water. The resulting ricochet could result in death, serious injury or property damage.

Always make sure the firearm is unloaded before cleaning.



If your firearm fails to fire when the trigger is pulled, handle with care. If the firearm fails to fire when the trigger is pulled, slow primer ignition (hangfire) may possibly be the cause. Keep the muzzle pointed downrange at the target for a minimum of 30 seconds. If the round still does not fire, remove the magazine, clear the firearm while keeping the muzzle pointed in a safe direction and the ejection port turned away from your face, eyes and other body parts, and examine the ejected, unfired cartridge. If the indent from the firing pin is off center, light or absent, take the firearm to a competent gunsmith. If the indent appears normal compared to other rounds, assume a faulty round, separate from other cartridges, reload and continue shooting.

Never use this firearm in any manner other than that for which it was specifically designed.

Never act in an irresponsible manner or ignore any established rules of safety when using or storing firearms.

Make sure all other shooters and bystanders are well away from the ejection port. Empty cases are ejected under force and may cause injury if someone is struck.

Never shoot the firearm with your thumb or other body part directly behind the slide, or you could be injured when the slide and firearm recoil in firing.

FIREARMS SAFETY SYSTEMS

1. Your involvement in safety cannot be overemphasized. No safety component can keep your finger off the trigger and the muzzle pointed in a safe direction. Also, you are the key to never trusting any of the mechanical parts of the safety system.

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2. Manual Safety Lever. To operate the manual safety, the hammer must be cocked. Then, push the manual safety lever up. Manual safety must be all the way in the safe position to work properly, not halfway or at some other point in it's travel. Don't play with the manual safety and you will avoid accidents.

3. Trigger Guard. This is a physical obstruction that helps prevent unintended pressing of the trigger or trigger safety. Do not modify the trigger guard.

4. Grip Safety. The grip safety is located on the upper rear portion of the frame immediately below the hammer and is automatically engaged through spring pressure. The grip safety prevents rearward movement of the trigger. To disengage, grip the pistol firmly. This will allow the grip safety to move out of contact with the trigger assembly allowing the gun to fire.

5. Firing Pin Block. The firing pin block interferes with the forward travel of the firing pin until the trigger is pulled. Like a trigger safety, pressing the trigger moves this safety component from its "safe" (blocking) position to its "fire" (free) position.

6. This Manual. BALISTIK DEFENCE - ADAM Series, intends for you to use this manual to learn about your pistol and to help you use your pistol safely. If you use the manual, you will go a long way toward being a knowledgeable and safe firearms owner.

The selection of a revolver versus a pistol as well as the size, caliber and magazine capacity of a handgun are personal choices. There are many choices to be made, and there are advantages and disadvantages for each. When selecting a pistol, size has safety implications because of the way pistols are loaded.



Never force a jammed action. This could cause a round to explode resulting in death, serious injury or property damage.

SAFE CARRY CONDITION

"Safe Carry Condition" is the most ready-to-fire condition that the user feels is reasonable under the circumstances. Generally, we believe that our pistols should be carried with a full magazine and an empty chamber. Under most circumstances, this provides the best balance of readiness and safety. On the plus side, if the chamber is empty, unintended discharges are minimized. However, the slide must be manipulated to load a round in the chamber. In emergency circumstances, this can be difficult to do safely and correctly. "Safe Carry Condition" is a judgment call and must be made by the user.

CARRYING FIREARMS

Carrying a firearm can be dangerous and puts great responsibility on the person in possession of the firearm. Carrying or handling a firearm makes it more difficult to maintain control over the muzzle and makes it more likely that the firearm may be dropped or bumped, resulting in the firearm discharging. There are advantages and disadvantages to various methods of carrying any firearm. Educate yourself and choose which carry method is best for you and those around you.

In almost all circumstances, it is safest to carry a handgun in a holster designed for that specific handgun. Carrying a handgun in a pocket without a specific designed In-Pocket Holster or a trigger shield or in a waist band without a belt clip is always a last choice. Carrying any handgun in a holster that fits the firearm and style of carry should prevent it from accidentally falling and you from losing control of the muzzle.



Except in rare high-threat circumstances, carry your pistol with a full magazine and an empty chamber. If the chamber is empty, the pistol cannot fire.

Do not carry a loaded firearm with a live round in the chamber while walking, running, crossing or climbing a fence, stream, ditch or any obstacle, or where there is any possibility of slipping or falling, as this could lead to a possible unintentional discharge.



Do not carry your firearm in any way that might let it fall or be bumped. If a firearm falls or is bumped, it may fire.



Always review and follow the holster or luggage manufacturer's instructions or the firearm may fall or be bumped and fire.



Never lock a firearm with a round of ammunition in the chamber. Unlocking a loaded firearm makes it more difficult to maintain trigger discipline and to keep the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.



Securing your firearm may inhibit access in a defensive situation and may result in injury or death.



Failure to secure a firearm may result in injury or death. Properly securing a firearm means storing your firearm unloaded, decocked and securely locked, with all ammunition in a separate location.



If dropped or struck, the pistol may fire. If dropped or struck the firearm should be inspected by a qualified armorer/gunsmith for a complete function check. After the firearm was dropped or struck, mechanisms, including automatic safeties, may not function as intended resulting in accidental death or serious injury.



AMMUNITION

• Using the wrong ammunition in your pistol can result in serious bodily injury and damage to your pistol. Make certain the ammunition you load in the magazine is the same caliber as is marked on the pistol.

• Use only clean, dry factory-loaded ammunition. Old, damaged, wet or oily ammunition may fire at pressures higher than industry standard, causing injury to you and bystanders or damage to your pistol.

• Do not use reloaded ammunition in your pistol. Its firing pressures are unknown and may well exceed industry standard, causing injury to you and bystanders or damage to your pistol.

• Odd sounds are signs of trouble. If a round "does not sound right" when it goes off, stop firing right away. A bullet may be stuck in the barrel. Firing the pistol in this condition may cause pressures higher than industry standard, causing injury to you and bystanders or damage to your pistol.

• If you hear any odd sounds when firing your pistol, stop firing, clear the pistol and "field strip" (or disassemble) the pistol in accordance with the procedures listed in this manual. Once the barrel is removed from the slide, look down the bore. If you do not see light, there is something stuck in the bore. Do not fire the pistol again, and take the pistol to a qualified gunsmith.

• "Plus-P" (+P) ammunition generates pressures in excess of the pressures associated with standard ammunition. Such pressures may affect the wear characteristics or exceed the margin of safety built into some revolvers and could therefore be DANGEROUS.



• "Plus-P-Plus (+P+) ammunition is not recommended for use in BALISTIK DEFENCE firearms. This marking on the ammunition designates that it exceeds established industry standards, but the designation does not represent defined pressure limits and therefore such ammunition may vary significantly as to the pressures generated.

• It is DANGEROUS to fire "+P+" ammunition in any BALISTIK DEFENCE firearm, and doing so may result in serious bodily injury or death. The Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers Institute (SAAMI) does not recognize any "+P+" ammunition at all. These loads operate at unknown pressures

• Locate the caliber designation marked on the handgun. This information indicates the ammunition caliber that should be used in this firearm. (See Picture #1 and #2).

• Never fire ammunition marked "+P+" in your pistol. It does not comply with industry standards as to chamber pressures.

• Do not lubricate your ammunition or spray aerosol lubricants, preservatives or cleaners directly onto or where they may come into contact with them. High penetration lubricants migrate into the barrel and can contaminate primary and / or gunpowder. In this case, a misfire or gunpowder can be prevented from igniting. If only the primary ignites, there is a danger that the bullet will exit the case and block the barrel.

• Store the ammunition in a cool, dry place away from heat sources. Heat accelerates the chemical decomposition of primer and gunpowder, shortening the shelf life of the ammunition.



DISASSEMBLY - (SHORT RECOIL SPRING GUIDE)

Please Scan QR Barcode for Watch Video for DISASSEMBLY



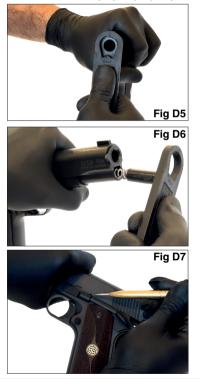


1. Before and while disassembly always keep your finger off the trigger point the muzzle in a safe direction. Before disassembly remove the magazine by pressing the magazine release (Fig. D1), pull the slide to the rear (Fig. D2), lock it back and look (Fig. D3) and feel inside the magazine well and chamber to confirm the pistol is empty. (Fig. D4) An empty firearm cannot fire.



• Make certain that firearm is unloaded before beginning disassembly. Otherwise, the firearm may fire when you pull the trigger to release the hammer. This may cause death, serious injury or property damage.

• Exercise great caution as the recoil spring and plug are under tension and can fly out with enough force to cause serious injury or property damage. Wear eye protection while disassembling and assembling.



2. Be very careful on this step as you will be releasing the preload on the recoil spring and if it is mishandled, it could fly out with substantial force. Using the barrel bushing wrench (Fig. D5), depress the recoil spring plug and turn the barrel bushing counter clockwise until it stops.

3. The barrel bushing, recoil spring plug and recoil spring are free. Release the spring pressure slowly and in a controlled manner (Fig. D6).

4. Ease out the recoil spring and recoil spring plug. Push the slide rearward until the tab on the slide catch aligns with the semi-circular notch at the base of the slide (Fig D7).





5. Push inward on the end of the slide stop shaft on the right side of the pistol while simultaneously pulling on the slide stop from the left side of the pistol (Fig D8).

6. Push the slide assembly forward and off the frame. Remove the recoil spring guide from the slide assembly.

7. Remove the recoil spring guide from the slide assembly (Fig. 9).

8. Push the barrel forward out of the front of the slide (Fig. 10)

No further disassembly is recommended unless done by a qualified gunsmith.

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DISASSEMBLY - (LONG RECOIL SPRING GUIDE)

Please Scan QR Barcode for Watch Video for DISASSEMBLY





1. Before and while disassembly always keep your finger off the trigger point the muzzle in a safe direction. Before disassembly remove the magazine by pressing the magazine release (Fig. D11), pull the slide to the rear (Fig. D12), lock it back and look (Fig. D13) and feel inside the magazine well and chamber to confirm the pistol is empty. (Fig. D14) An empty firearm cannot fire.





• Make certain that firearm is unloaded before beginning disassembly. Otherwise, the firearm may fire when you pull the trigger to release the hammer. This may cause death, serious injury or property damage.

• Exercise great caution as the recoil spring and plug are under tension and can fly out with enough force to cause serious injury or property damage. Wear eye protection while disassembling and assembling.



BALISTIK DEFENCE

2. Ease out the recoil spring and recoil spring plug. Push the slide rearward until the tab on the slide catch aligns with the semi-circular notch at the base of the slide (Fig D15).

3. Push inward on the end of the slide stop shaft on the right side of the pistol while simultaneously pulling on the slide stop from the left side of the pistol (Fig D16).

4. Push the slide assembly forward and off the frame. Remove the recoil spring guide from the slide assembly (Fig D17).



5. Remove the recoil spring guide from the slide assembly (Fig. 18).

6. Using the barrel bushing wrench (Fig. D19), turn the barrel bushing counter clockwise until it stops.



8. Push the barrel forward out of the front of the slide (Fig. 20)

No further disassembly is recommended unless done by a qualified gunsmith.



ASSEMBLY - (SHORT RECOIL SPRING GUIDE)

Please Scan QR Barcode for Watch Video for ASSEMBLY







BALISTIK DEFENCE

1. Slide barrel inside slide through the front.

2. Place guide rod on top of barrel as shown (Fig. D21).

3. Guide slide assembly back on the frame rails while holding the barrel and guide rod in the slide (Fig. D22).

4. Place barrel bushing back over the barrel inside the slide in position shown (Fig. D23) then rotate clockwise as far as it will rotate (Fig. D24).





5. Insert slide catch making sure it is inserted through the barrel link. With the slide catch partially inserted, rack the slide back until the tab on the slide catch aligns with the semi-circular notch at the base of the slide and fully insert the slide catch (Fig D25).



6. Insert recoil spring over guide rod. Insert recoil spring plug over the recoil spring (Fig. D26)





7. Once again, be very careful on this step as you will be loading a recoil spring and if it is mishandled, it could fly out with substantial force. Compress recoil spring inside the slide by pushing on the recoil spring plug until you can rotate barrel bushing to over the step in on recoil spring plug (Fig. D27).

8. Use the barrel bushing wrench to further depress recoil spring plug and rotate the barrel bushing back to its original position (Fig. D28).



ASSEMBLY - (LONG RECOIL SPRING GUIDE)

Please Scan QR Barcode for Watch Video for ASSEMBLY





1. Slide barrel inside slide through the front (Fig. 29).



- 2. Place the barrel bushing as shown (Fig. 30).
- 3. Place guide rod and spring on top of barrel as shown (Fig. D31 & Fig. D32









4. Guide slide assembly back on the frame rails while holding the barrel and guide rod in the slide (Fig. D33).





5. Insert slide catch making sure it is inserted through the barrel link. With the slide catch partially inserted, rack the slide back until the tab on the slide catch aligns with the semi-circular notch at the base of the slide and fully insert the slide catch (Fig. D34 & Fig. D35).



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OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS





1. To remove the magazine press the magazine release button, located near the trigger guard, with your thumb.

2. Hold the magazine with one of your hands and with the other one insert the cartridges one at a time, pressing them down and to the rear. Insert the magazine into the pistol until it is held by the magazine catch. If the magazine is not fully inserted and the magazine catch is not engaged, the magazine can fall out during firing.



3. Hold the pistol with one hand keeping your finger away from the trigger. With the other hand pull the slide to its limit and release it, so slide will go forward under recoil spring pressure and insert one cartridge in the chamber.

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These BALISTIK DEFENCE pistols do not have a magazine disconnect (safety). They are capable of firing with magazine removed.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS





4. The pistol is now ready to fire by pulling the trigger. After firing, the slide will recoil from gas pressure, ejecting the empty case and feed another cartridge into the chamber from the magazine. The pistol is now ready to fire again.

5. After the last round, the slide will remain in the open position held by the slide catch. In order to make it return to its rest position, press the slide catch downward just above the left grip or pull slide to the rear and let the slide go forward (you must remove the empty magazine first).



6. If you choose to stop firing and magazine is not empty, place firearm on safe by moving safety lever to the up position, remove magazine. While pointing in a safe direction, remove safety, pull slide to rear and engage the slide catch to lock open to check and make sure chamber is empty.

The manual safety lever must be in fully engaged for the manual Safety to work



CARE AND MAINTENANCE

• The firearm may be cleaned and lubricated under normal conditions with the disassembly steps described in pages 14-25.

• In order to keep a firearm safe to use, it must be kept clean and covered with a light film of good quality oil to prevent corrosion. The barrel bore should be cleaned and left free of debris.

• For normal cleaning, rub the pistol with a lightly oiled cloth. In the same way, proceed with the bore of the barrel. Excess oil should be removed.

• Dust should be removed from all crevices with a small clean brush. Please note that a firearm with laser should not be cleaned in a well or supersonic machine that submerges the firearm as this can damage the laser system.

• It is recommended to replace the recoil spring assembly every 500 rounds.



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Before cleaning, (1) point the muzzle in a safe direction, (2) keep your finger off the trigger, (3) remove the magazine, then (4) pull back the slide and lock it to the rear, (5) look and feel the magazine well and chamber to confirm the pistol is empty. Never attempt to clean a loaded firearm.

SAFETY FIRST

1. ALWAYS KEEP THE FIREARM POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

2. ALWAYS KEEP YOUR FINGER OFF THE TRIGGER UNTIL READY TO SHOOT.

3. ALWAYS KEEP THE FIREARM UNLOADED UNTIL READY TO USE.

4. ALWAYS TREAT THE FIREARM AS IF IT IS LOADED AND READY TO DISCHARGE.

5. ALWAYS FOLLOW RULES OF SAFE FIREARM HANDLING.

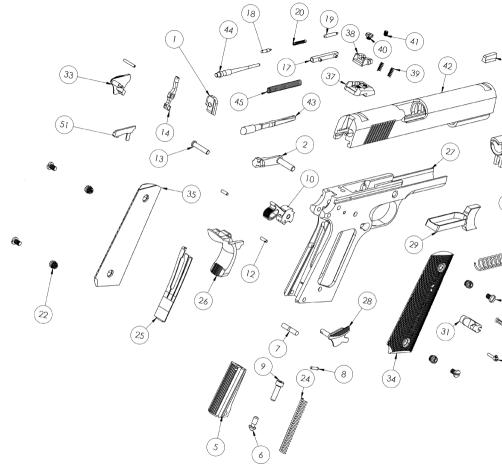
6. READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY PRIOR TO USING THIS FIREARM.

7. BALISTIK DEFENCE STRONGLY RECOMMENDS THAT EVERY PERSON RECEIVE FIREARMS SAFETY TRAINING PRIOR TO USING.



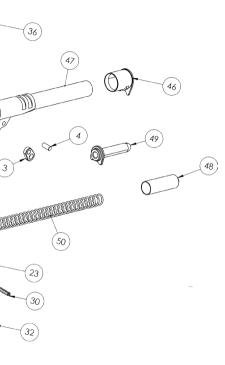


EXPLODED VIEW (.45ACP)





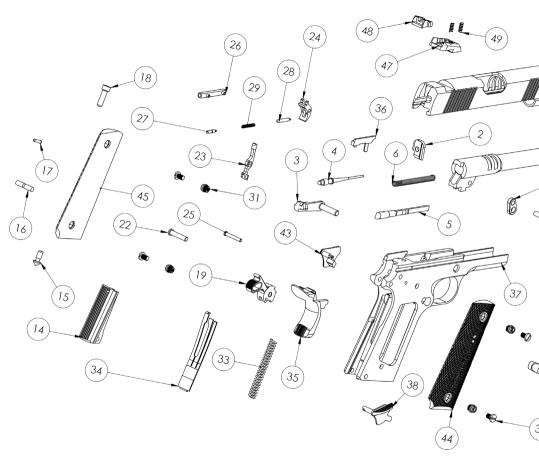
PART LIST (.45ACP)



1	Firing Pin Stop Plate	27	Frame (Receiver / Lower)
2	Slide Stoper	28	Thump Safety (Right)
3	Barrel Link	29	Trigger
4	Barrel Link Pin	30	Magazine Catch Spring
5	Mainspring Housing	31	Magazine Catch
6	Mainspring Pin Retainer	32	Magazine Catch Lock
7	Mainspring Housing Pin	33	Thump Safety (Left)
8	Mainspring Cap Pin	34	Grip
9	Mainspring Cap	35	Grip
10	Hammer	36	Front Sight
11	Hammer Strut	37	Rear Sight
12	Hammer Strut Pin	38	Rear Sight in Part
13	Hammer Pin	39	Rear Sight Spring
14	Disconnector	40	Rear Sight Screw
15	Sear	41	Rear Sight Screw
16	Sear and Disconnector Pin	42	.45ACP Slide
17	Plunger Tube	43	Extractor
18	Safety Catch Plunger	44	Firing Pin
19	Slide Stop Plunger	45	Firing Pin Spring
20	Ejector Spring	46	Barrel Bushing
21	Ejector	47	Barrel
22	Stock Screw Bushing	48	Recoil Spring Plug
23	Grip Screw	49	Recoil Spring Guide
24	Mainspring	50	Recoil Spring
25	Sear Spring	51	Ejector
26	Grip Safety		



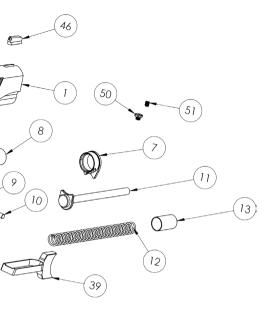
EXPLODED VIEW (9x19mm)

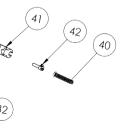


BALISTIK DEFENCE

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PART LIST (9x19mm)





1	9x19mm Slide	27	Slide Stop Plunger
2	Firing Pin Stop Plate	28	Safety Catch Plunger
3	Slide Stoper	29	Ejector Spring
4	Firing Pin	30	Ejector
5	Extractor	31	Stock Screw Bushing
6	Firing Pin Spring	32	Grip Screw
7	Barrel Bushing	33	Mainspring
8	Barrel	34	Sear Spring
9	Barrel Link	35	Grip Safety
10	Barrel Link Pin	36	Ejector
11	Recoil Spring Guide	37	Frame (Receiver / Lower)
12	Recoil Spring	38	Thump Safety (Right)
13	Recoil Spring Plug	39	Trigger
14	Mainspring Housin	40	Magazine Catch Spring
15	Mainspring Pin Retainer	41	Magazine Catch
16	Mainspring Housing Pin	42	Magazine Catch Lock
17	Mainspring Cap Pin	43	Thump Safety (Left)
18	Mainspring Cap	44	Grip
19	Hammer	45	Grip
20	Hammer Strut	46	Front Sight
21	Hammer Strut Pin	47	Rear Sight
22	Hammer Pin	48	Rear Sight in Part
23	Disconnector	49	Rear Sight Spring
24	Sear	50	Rear Sight Screw
25	Sear and Disconnector Pin	51	Rear Sight Screw
26	Plunger Tube		



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BALISTIK DEFENCE

IMPORTANT DO NO DISCARD

KEEP THIS MANUAL WITH THE FIREARM UPON CHANCE OF OWNERSHIP.

> DOC. NO : BSOM-1911/01 REV: 001 / 05.2023

Register your gun with this barcode.



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